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The Principle



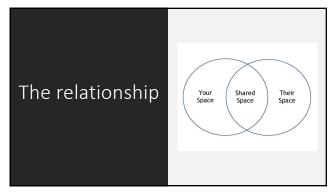
Relationships

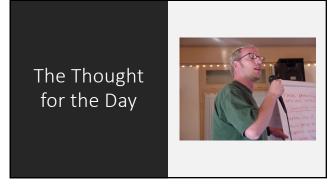
2

The Principle

relationships are developed through mutual respect and reciprocity, including openness to genuine emotional connections

Relationships







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Identify and explore the 5 factors of decision making

Discuss, converse, explore using the 5 factors in our work life

To develop an awareness of our own values and its impact on our decision-making processes

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The context

ensed Practitioner in

- a specific time and environment
- Formal structure and clearly identified parameters
- Activities take place in fixed settings

Workers in Recovery and Field Based Settings

- Varying meeting times and places
- Informal structure and situationally designed parameters
- Activities take
 place in natural
 settings

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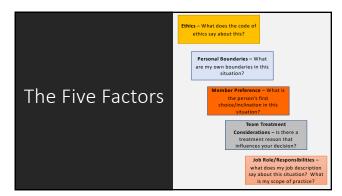
Principle Guided Decision Making Defined

The decision-making matrix that converge 5 factors to form Professional Boundaries

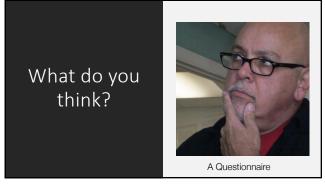
<u>Professional Boundaries:</u>

Refers to both LIMITS as well as POSSIBILITIES how staff may behave and interact with those they serve

They are consistent and flexible They are co-created between the staff AND the person being served



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Ethical Considerations

Ethics are a set of guidelines and principles used to govern decision making in choosing between right and wrong.

Do no harm.

Forbids exploitation (sex, money, abuse)

Ethical	
Considerations	

Do the right thing.
The law is almost always
a lower standard than ethics.

When companies justify uncomfortable decisions as "legal, it doesn't make those decisions right.

Simon Sinek

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Ethical Considerations Law vs. Ethics

Code of Ethics – Promotes respect and forbids exploitation

Each organizations may vary and will often provide specific recommendations

<u>Ethics</u> – focus is on social/human justice, doing what is right. Ethics may be in conflict with unjust laws

<u>Law</u> – legal justice, following the norms established by society through the political process

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Ethical Considerations Law vs. Ethics part 2

Ethics ≠ law (may overlap includes policy)

Ethics \neq whatever society accepts Ethics \neq religion

 $\textbf{Ethics} \neq \textbf{individual feelings}$

Ethics = study and development of one's ethical standards to ensure they are reasonable and well founded

Some Ethical Considerations to Take into Account

Don't

Lie, Steal, Cheat or... Use or purchase drugs with or for a member

Engage in a romantic/sexual relationship with a member

Manipulate, force or take advantage of a member

Devalue or treat a member with disrespect

Practice outside your realm of training Falsify documentation

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Personal <u>Prefere</u>nces

The level of comfort that an individual experiences in acting or behaving in a certain way or sharing information

Everyone has limits

Certain personal limits may be incompatible with the individual's job responsibilities

Having no limits can be problematic

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Personal Preferences

Maintaining Healthy Boundaries

No one is immune

Maintain healthy self-awareness Consult with colleagues and/or supervisor and be open to open, honest discussions of these situations

Personal Preferences

Communication is Key

Be aware and take ownership of your personal preferences and/or professional requirements Learn to express personal preferences to members in a

respectful manner

Be honest with yourself, co-workers, and those you serve

Acknowledge that a personal preference may be a limitation

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Member Preference

Professional boundaries are established individually

Avoid mentalism

Member preferences can include:

Personal values

Staff behaviors/interactions/relationships

Touch

Others?

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Member Preference

What are times when we might not accept the member's preference?

Service/Clinical Considerations

Person's current situation/condition
Person's history
Person's goals
Agreed upon service/treatment plan
What behaviors are the current focus
to increase/decrease
What is the current relationship
between the person and the team
Age related vulnerabilities
Member's stressors and/or barriers

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Job/Role Expectation

Does this conversation, behavior or decision support the helping relationship with the individual? (What is the rehab value?)
What does the job description say about possible actions?
Am I comfortable providing services as indicated by job requirements?
Am I comfortable sharing my decision/action with my supervisor

and/or co-workers?

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What Would You Do?



In Summary

Be genuine, authentic, and real It's not about you (or it might be) Rely on your team Ask for help Question everything

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