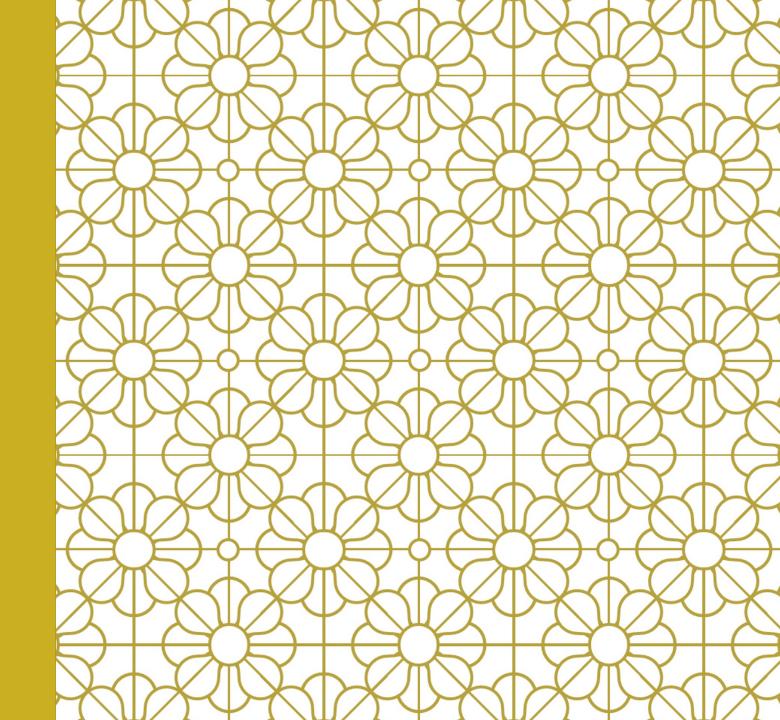
NAVIGATING DUAL ROLES IN MENTAL HEALTH: PROVIDER AND CONSUMER

Created by Sara Prushan CASRA Spring Gathering 2024



AGENDA FOR THIS WORKSHOP

Part 1: Defining our "Safe Space" (10 min)

Part 2: Introduction and Self-Reflection (10 min)

Part 3: Discussion on the impact of STIGMA (15 min)

Part 4: Exploration of the importance of BOUNDARIES (15 min)

Part 5: Skill Building for SELF-CARE (15 min)

Part 6: Conclusion, Q&A, and Feedback (10 min)

CREATING A SAFE SPACE

Some Guidelines:

Respect (of others experiences and truths)

Confidentiality (Vegas rules)

Actively Listen

Hold **EMPATHY**, Withhold **judgment**



INTRODUCTION

Write on one side of your flashcard:

A word or phrase that describes your current feelings about dual roles as consumers and providers.

Consider: What drew you to this workshop topic?



SELF REFLECTION

Things to consider:

What are ways in which you have found your connection to the mental health system impactful in your work?

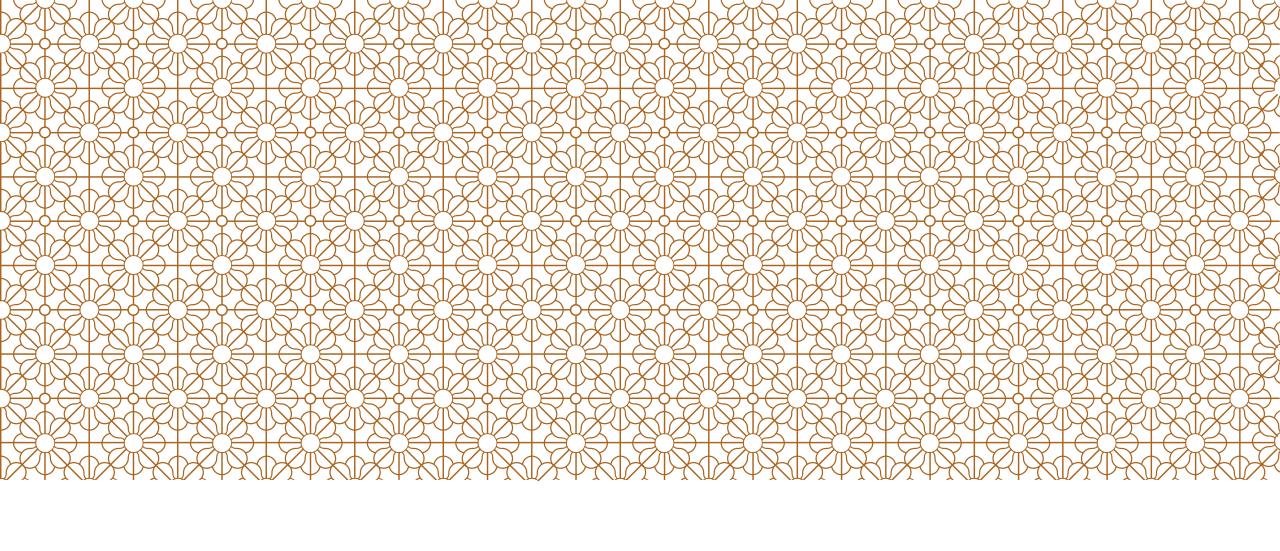
Does your personal experience fuel interventions, or dictate the way you approach certain situations?

How do you view your clients?

How do they view you?

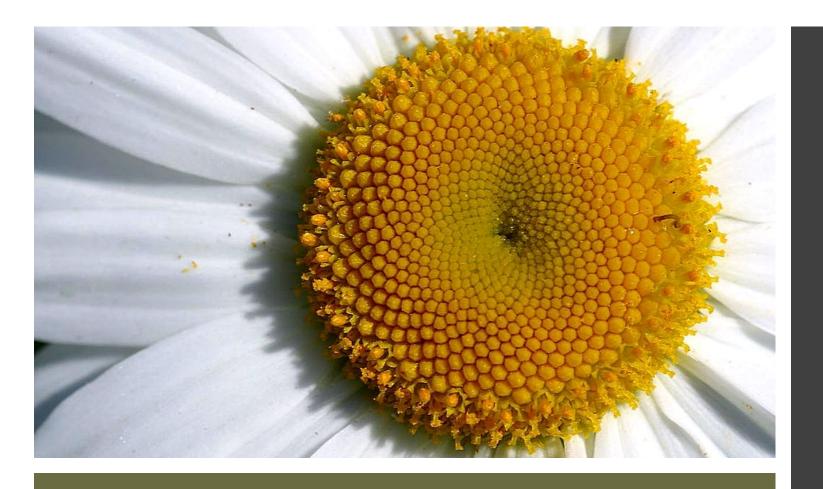
What do these types of questions bring up for you?





IMPACT OF STIGMA

When navigating dual roles



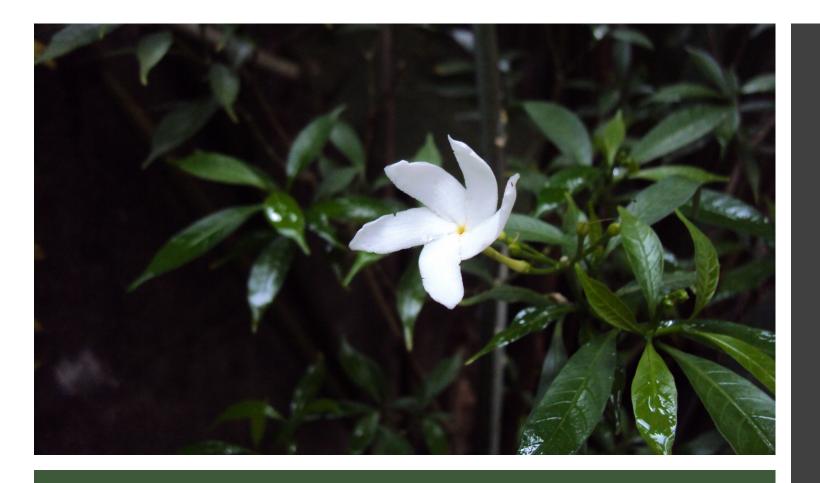
STIGMA IN THE WORKPLACE

A story influenced by stigma

Mental Health Stigma is seen in the context of stereotypes perpetuated by society.

Consider:

What separates us from our clients?



INTERNALIZED STIGMA

Internalizing stigma about our mental health conditions may cause us to be

vulnerable to burnout,

overworked with difficulty saying "no," harder on our clients

"there is nothing inappropriate about wanting to take care of our problems and seeking help to do so. We could be harming ourselves not to."

(Brower, 2021)



LABEL AVOIDANCE

Stigma can also harm a third group:

individuals who have not been diagnosed with a mental illness, but avoid mental health care to avoid being marked with the label.

Stigma is thought to block seeking treatment



NORMALIZING OUR EXPERIENCE

One in five people will experience a mental illness in their lifetime

•One in 20 Americans have lived with a serious mental illness, such as schizophrenia, bipolar disorder, or major depression

(SAMHSA, 2020)

Surveyed medical students:

Those with moderate-severe depression were significantly more likely to endorse stigma

(Schwenk et al, 2010)

62% agreed that if they were receiving treatment, they'd hide it from others

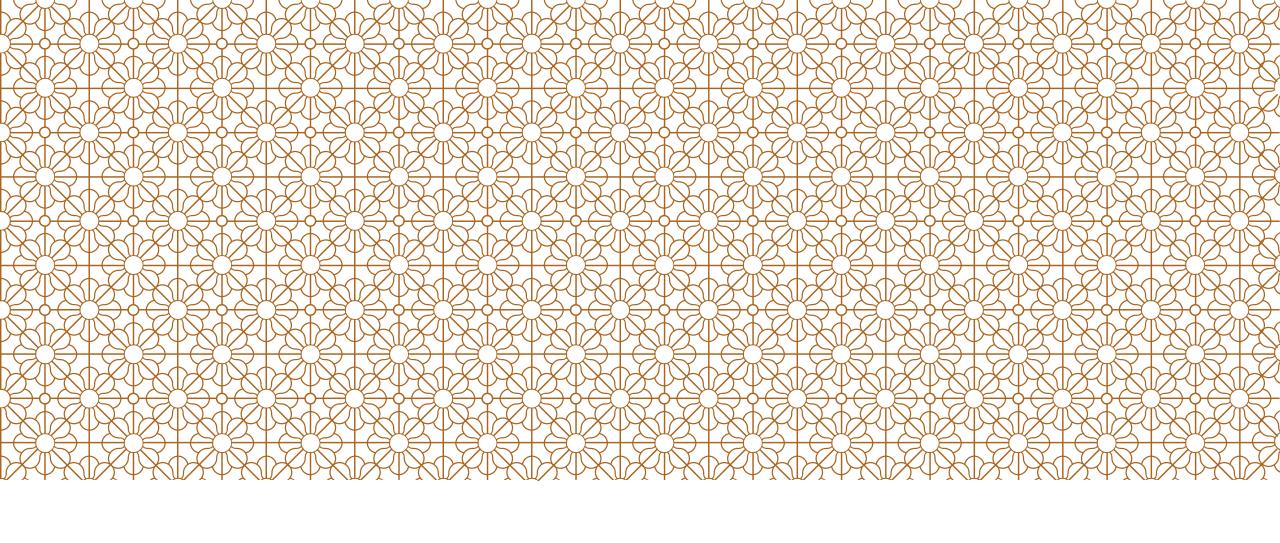
Half agreed that if a residency director was aware that a student had an emotional/mental health problem, they would pass over that student

(Dyrbye, et al, 2015)



CHALLENGING STIGMA

In our workplaces



BOUNDARIES

limits and rules people set for themselves in relationships

10 WAYS TO BUILD HEALTHIER BOUNDARIES

1. Name your limits

6. Consider your past and present

2. Tune into your feelings

7. Make self-care a priority

3. Be direct

8. Seek support

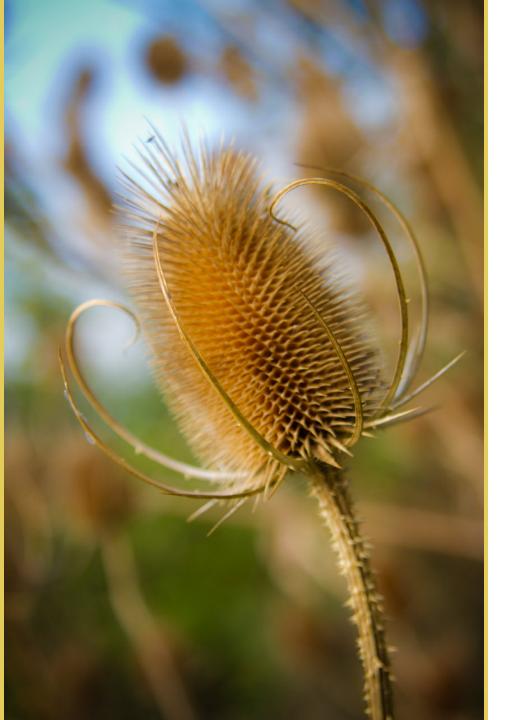
4. Give yourself permission

9. Be assertive

5. Practice self-awareness

10. Start small





ESTABLISHING PROFESSIONAL BOUNDARIES WITH CLIENTS

1. Clear
Communication

6. Consultation and supervision

2. Consistency

7. Educate on boundaries

3. Limit self disclosure

8. Recognize and manage transference and countertransference

4. Avoid Dual Relationships

9. Set and enforce limits

5. Professional Environment and Behavior 10. Self-care and personal boundaries

SELF DISCLOSURE

Guidelines for Healthy Self-Disclosure:

- 1. Therapeutic Purpose
- 2. Client-Centered Focus
- 3. Cultural and Contextual Relevance
- 4. Timing and Dosage
- 5. Maintaining Professionalism
- **6.** Assess Client Reaction
- 7. Supervision and Reflection

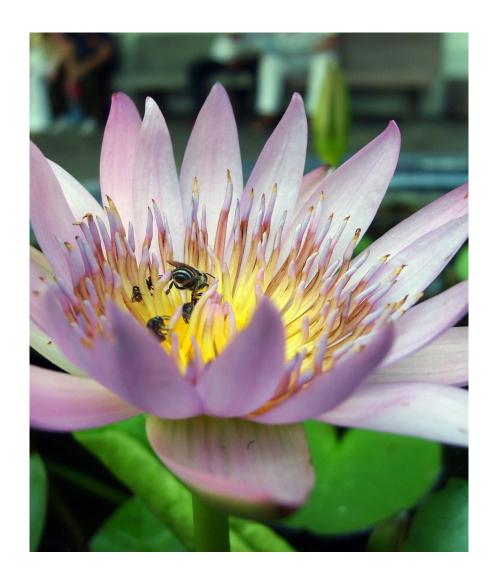


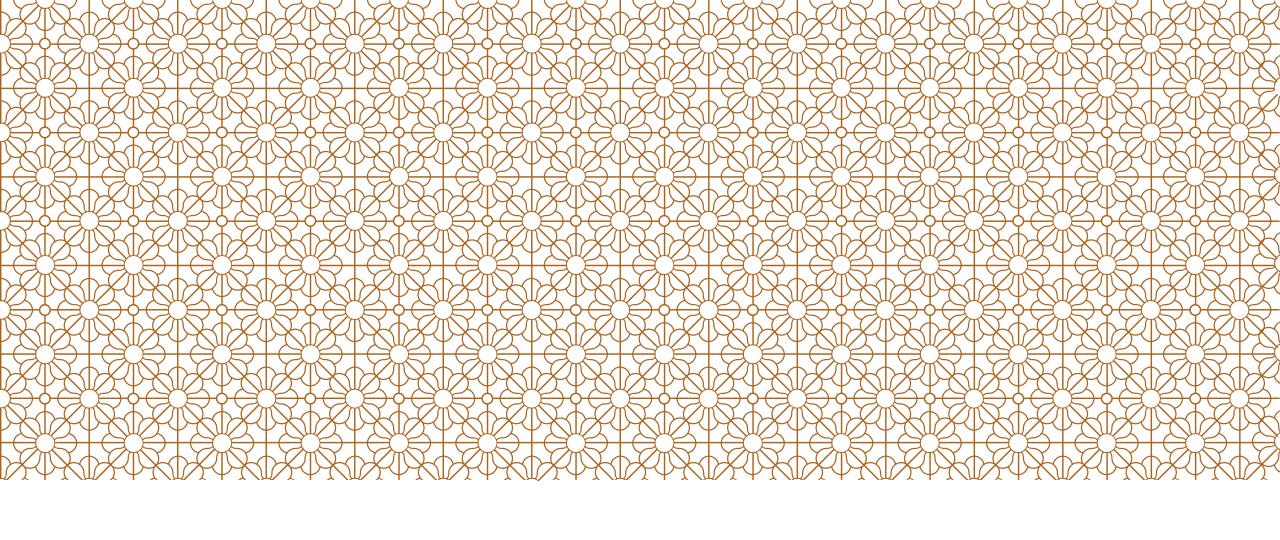
SELF DISCLOSURE

Examples of Healthy Self-Disclosure

- •Normalizing Feelings
- Modeling Coping Strategies
- Building Trust

In all cases, the key to healthy self-disclosure is that it is done judiciously, thoughtfully, and always with the client's best interests at heart.





SELF-CARE

creating an actionable plan



	GOALS	MONDAY	TUESDAY	
•				
•				
•				
•				
•				
	VEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	
WEDNESDAT		I HUKSDA I	FRIDAT	
	Who I talk to regarding	work stress:		
Ā	Who I can lean on for emotional support:			
SUPPORT	Who I can rely on for social engagement:			
S	Who helps me maintain self-care practices: (especially when I feel I cannot do it alone)			
	Who holds me accountable:			

MAKING PLANS TO PRIORITIZE OURSELVES (SELF-CARE)

Daily, Weekly, Monthly self-care activities that truly fit into your routine and span across multiple facets of your life

(this can include:

Emotional upkeep

Physical upkeep

Social upkeep

Professional upkeep

Spiritual upkeep

Consider your unique role and individual needs when selecting your strategies

Realistic > Ambitious

Commitment to one action (however "small") to start implementing *prior to when you might need it*

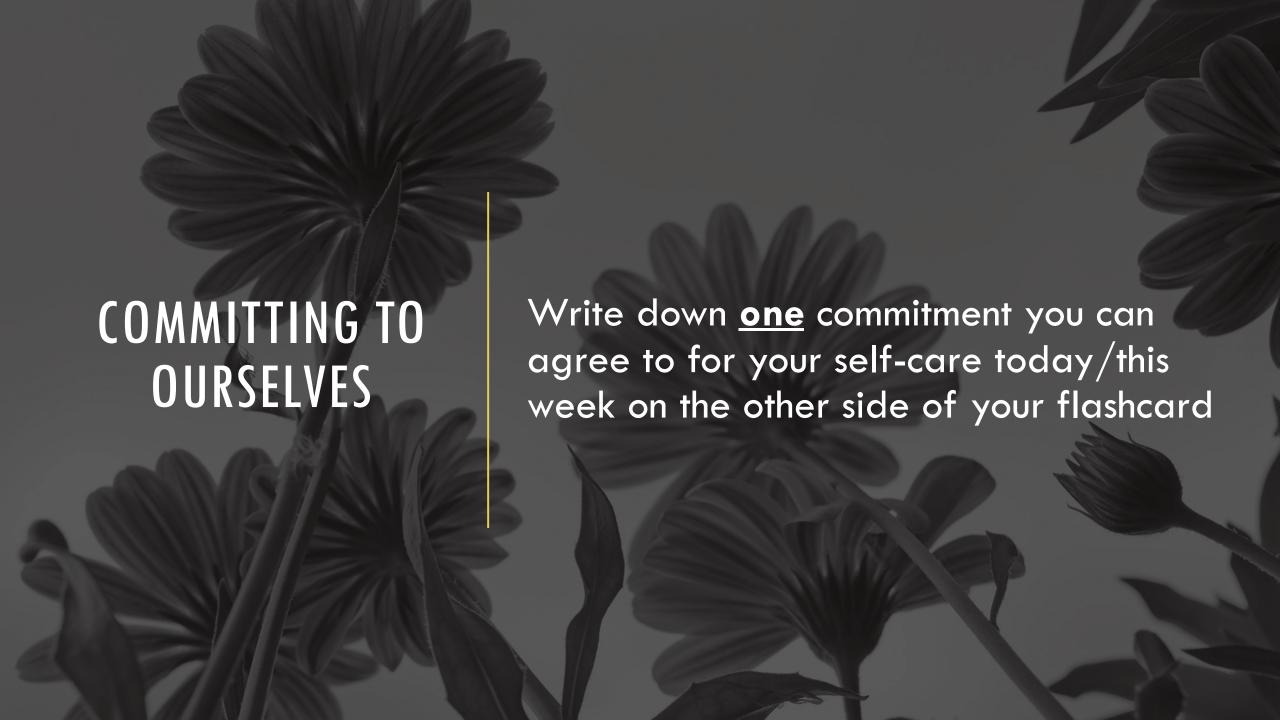


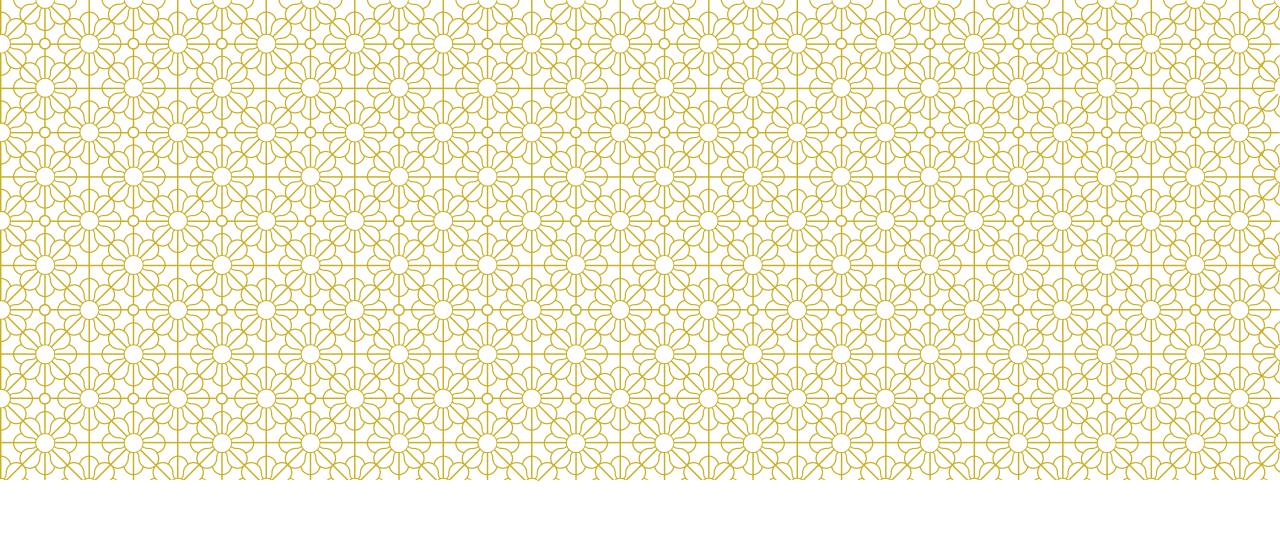
SOME WAYS TO "PRACTICE SELF-CARE"

Potentially effective self-care methods may include:

- Professional Supervision/Peer Support
- Boundary Setting
- Mindfulness practices
- Engaging in individual therapy/treatment
- Movement and Hobbies
- Continuing education and professional development







THANK YOU

For all you do!!